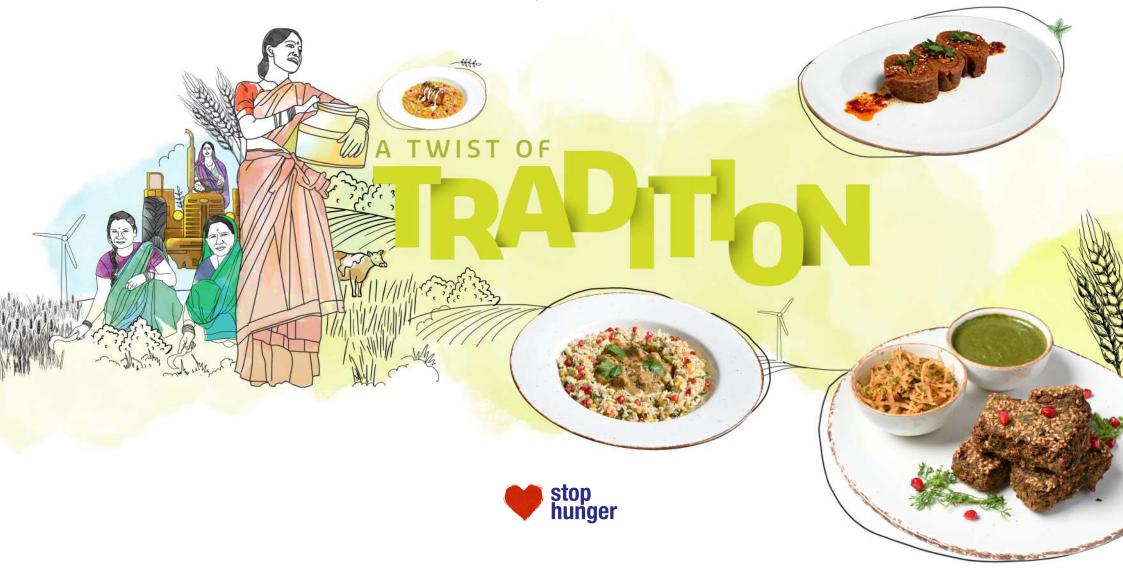


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Acknowledgements

To our STOP HUNGER trust, our NGO partner Sulabh International Centre for Action Sociology, our inspiring women farmers, brilliant culinary team, clients and customers who inspired this book of nutritious delights.

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Your dedication to bettering the world through food continually creates flavoursome waves of change.

We are eternally grateful for all you do.

Thank You! Sodexo.



Preface

Supporting people, improving their quality of life, and creating change in everyday things- it all forms a part of Sodexo's vision to build a better future for our people, our communities, and the world. One of the ways our vision comes to life is through our food services and CSR initiatives.

For decades, the Sodexo STOP HUNGER philanthropic missions have focused on 3 main aspects: **reducing hunger and malnutrition** in countries, **women empowerment**, and creating **balanced**, **sustainable livelihoods**.

It works to provide women and families across the globe with nutritious food and the means to lead healthier, fulfilling lives. This, therefore, became the starting point of a passionate food enterprise with countless community development initiatives and sustainability projects.

Together, we've set out to inspire and show the world that eating healthy can be tasty and good for all, as it nourishes the body and supports agrobiodiversity in the long run.

We believe that **food is love** and a **love of food** is what will create the future we all want.

Ultimately, this book is a celebration, 25 recipes lovingly curated to commemorate Sodexo's 25-year journey in India, our STOP HUNGER efforts, and the International Year of Millets.

A journey of food, farming, and beyond

Explore Sodexo's mission to create a delicious revolution and a new set of recipes that celebrate good ingredients and goodwill.

Fresh. Organic. Sustainable. These are the main ingredients of our food mission. We believe in celebrating the ways of old, when food went from farm to table, and when seasonal produce ruled the kitchen. For this, we take steps to support women farmers and bring the joy of food and flavours to the world. Here's how!

Since 1996, Sodexo has been working to end the hunger struggle in communities. Our global STOP HUNGER non-profit network empowers women with resources to eradicate food scarcity in their families, address nutritional concerns, attain economic equality and create a self-sufficient society.

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Sodexo Recipe Book | 5

Stirring the pot of sustainability

Everything Sodexo does is rooted in sustainable practices and aims for minimal environmental impact. We partner with global and local organisations/NGOs to reduce food waste, promote plant-based meals, improve food supply chains and use innovative cooking methods that lessen the strain on our resources. In short, we're leading the way to **eat green** and **go green**.



Hands that grow the grain

We support local farmers and women entrepreneurs by promoting farming methods that nurture the bio-diversity and trading practices that encourage self-sufficiency. It's a holistic approach toward creating a harmonious life and economy where everyone can thrive.

LOVE & FOOD

Creating fruitful futures with Sulabh

STOP HUNGER's collaboration with Sulabh International Centre for Action Sociology worked to uplift the womenfolk of quaint Ahmednagar villages. Together, we guided them to farm the lands themselves, grow their own gardens and reap the rewards of an eco-friendly and economically independent life.



Maidens of the Millet

By providing high-quality indigenous seed banks, we encouraged them to revive the ancient love of native crops that nourished the ecosystem and the body. The result? A bountiful harvest of seasonal grains, millets and vegetables. Full of flavour, full of goodness.

What follows are the recipes, plucked right from their kitchens, carefully curatedwith our own twist added in-to create a special book that pays homage to our LOVE OF FOOD and the INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF MILLETS (2023).

Glossary

Hing or heeng is the Hindi

word for asafoetida. Typically

used as a seasoning in South





Hing



Vangi Bharit Translates to stuffed eggplant/brinjal. A popular dish in the state of Maharashtra.



Moong dal The Hindi word for green gram or mung beans. A staple lentil in Indian households.



Kulith Kulith/Kulthi is a type of legume, generally grown in dry agricultural areas. Also known as horse gram.



Labneh A Middle Eastern food made by removing most of the liquid from yoghurt.



Asian cuisine.

Kothimbir The Hindi word for coriander. It's a versatile ingredient with a fresh herby taste.



Bajra Bajra is the Indian word for pearl millet. A profoundly nutritious and easy-to-digest cereal grain.



Kasundi Kasundi is typically Bengali spicy and savoury mustard chutney.



Ambadi It's a wild leafy vegetable, also known as sorrel leaves or Gongura. It has a tangy lemony flavour.



Ragada Ragada (colloquially ragda pattice) is a dish of mashed potato, chickpea and pea sauce.



Amchur Dried powdered mango. It has a tangy yet sweet taste.



Matki

Moth beans or Matki is a staple legume in various cuisines across India.



The Hindi word for flour or brown powder that is made by grinding grain.



Kanda-lasun masala A flavoursome base masala made from a paste of onion, garlic, and a blend of spices.



Coulis

A type of thick sauce made with puréed vegetables or fruit and often used as a garnish, mainly in French cuisine.



Tandul Papad A type of rice cracker.



Mohan

A Marathi term for oil that is heated then cooled down to lukewarm and added to flour to make it crispy.



Ajwain

Aiwain is common in Indian food and is also known as carom seeds, bishop's weed, and ajwain caraway.



Patodi Patodi (patvadi) is a dish made with cooked (by steaming) gram flour.



Bonda The young flowers or buds of the Ambadi/Gongura plant.



Khursani Seeds A nutrient-dense seed also known as karale seeds or niger seeds in English.



Nagli Ragi or finger millet is known

as nagli. Grown in the tribal hilly district of Dang and it is a great source of nutrients.



Dashmi Dashmi is a wheat and besan flatbread from Maharashtrian cuisine.



Dangar A red pumpkin.



Garam Masala A traditional Indian spice blend. Garam means 'hot' while masala means 'spices'.



Shingule/Shengole A Maharashtrian dish of dough noodles-made of millet or wheat flour-in a spicy gravy.



Gharya Gharya is a traditional dish of deep-fried dough in the shape of pancakes.



Phirni A slow-cooked sweet pudding.



Bhindi A staple vegetable in India, known in many English-speaking countries as ladies' fingers or okra.



Motichoor Boondi Boondi is an Indian snack made from fried chickpea flour. 'Motichoor'translates to crushed pearls.



Sandgey Sandgey is multigrain dried dumplings rich in fiber used for aravies in Maharashtra.



Urid Papad A thin wafer made of urid dal, a type of lentil.



Rissole A European dish of minced meat or fish covered with pastry and deep fried.



Paneer Bhurji Paneer is an Indian cottage cheese and bhurji means 'scrambled'.







Meet the women farmers from our Sulabh International Centre for Action Sociology collaboration.

These ladies are inspiring a new dawn of change in their communities by exploring social entrepreneurship, sustainable farming, and fair trade systems, one ingredient at a time.











For Gharya:

500gmsRed300gmsJag800gmsWho10gmsFen20gmsSalt1litreOil (50mlHer

Red Pumpkin Jaggery Wheat Flour Fennel Seeds Salt Oil (For frying) Hershey's Chocolate Sauce Icing Sugar (For dusting)

For Fruit Salsa:

100gms 50gms 50gms 50gms 100gms 100gms 100gms 20gms Papaya Pineapple Muskmelon Apple Kiwi Dragon Fruit Grapes (Seedless) Mint Leaves

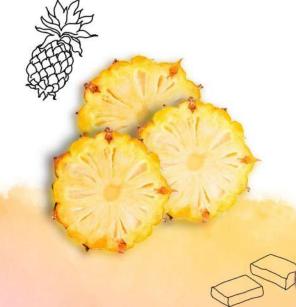


For Gharya:

- 1. Grate the pumpkin finely.
- 2. Add grated jaggery and salt.
- 3. Cook this mixture in a pressure cooker on low flame.
- 4. Take wheat flour and mix it with the cooled mixture of pumpkin, jaggery and salt.
- 5. Make small balls, roll with some flour and deep fry in hot oil.
- 6. Once puffed, remove from oil and drain.

For Fruit Salsa:

- 1. Chop all fruits into small pieces.
- 2. Chop fresh mint leaves.
- 3. Mix all the above and set aside.



For Plating:

- 1. Place gharya on a clean plate.
- 2. Dust icing sugar on top.
- 3. Drizzle chocolate sauce.
- 4. Sprinkle fruit salsa and garnish with mint leaves.



Tasty Trivia

Eating fresh or roasted ripe pineapple can help boost immunity, and improve recovery time after surgery. It's best eaten on an empty stomach!









For Dashmi:

For Thecha:

Fresh Red Chillies Mustard Seeds Jeera Seeds Oil (For cooking)

Wheat Flour

Turmeric Powder

Coriander Powder

Oil (For cooking)

Water (To make dough)

Chilli Powder

Jeera Powder

Besan Cooking Oil

For Vangi Bharit:

400gms 100gms 20gms 50gms 50gms 10gms

Eggplant Cooking Oil Onion Green Chillies Coriander Leaves Lemon Juice **Crushed Roasted Peanuts** Salt

For Falafel:

400gms 100gms 100gms 30gms 80gms 15gms 10gms 20gms 10gms 30gms

Dry Chickpeas Baking Soda Fresh Parsley Fresh Coriander Leaves Onion Black Pepper (Crushed) Jeera Powder Coriander Powder Green Chillies Red Chilli Powder Sesame Seeds Baking Powder Mayonnaise Dill Leaves (A sprig)

METHOD

For Dashmi:

- 1. Put all the dry ingredients in a bowl and mix well.
- 2. Add water little by little to form a smooth dough.
- 3. Divide the dough into equal portions and roll with some flour into 6" diameters.
- 4. Heat a tawa and griddle the dashmi till well done.
- 5. Smear some oil for even cooking till golden brown on both sides.

For Thecha:

- 1. Heat some oil in a pan.
- 2. Add mustard seeds and jeera seeds. Wait till it splutters.
- 3. Add hing, add fresh chillies and garlic cloves.
- 4. Roast till slightly golden brown. Season with salt and set aside.
- 5. Cool down and grind coarsely in a mortar pestle/blender.

For Vangi Bharit:

- 1. Take a big eggplant and pierce/make slits on the sides.
- 2. Apply oil all over the eggplant and put on a live flame to roast.
- 3. Roast it till the skin is burnt to ash and you get a smoky flavour to the eggplant.
- 4. Take out from heat and let it rest.
- 5. Once cool, peel off the skin and clean any burnt skin.
- 6. Chop the peeled eggplant. Drain it in a strainer to remove excess water from the cooked eggplant.
- 7. Finely chop onion, tomatoes, coriander leaves and green chillies.
- 8. Add the chopped vegetables to the chopped eggplant, add lemon juice, crushed peanuts and salt.
- 9. Make a tempering of hing, jeera and mustard seeds.
- 10. Mix well and set aside.

For Falafel:

- 1. One day in advance, place the dried chickpeas and baking soda in a large bowl filled with water to cover the chickpeas by at least 2 inches.
- 2. Soak overnight. When ready, drain the chickpeas completely and pat them dry.
- 3. Add the chickpeas, herbs, onions, garlic and spices to the large bowl of a food processor fitted with a blade.
- 4. Run the food processor 40 seconds at a time until all is well combined forming the falafel mixture.
- 5. Transfer the falafel mixture to a container and cover tightly.
- 6. Refrigerate for at least 1 hour or (up to one whole night) until ready to cook.
- 7. Just before frying, add the baking powder and sesame seeds to the falafel mixture and stir with a spoon.
- 8. Scoop tablespoonfuls of the falafel mixture and form into patties ($\frac{1}{2}$ inch in thickness each).
- 9. It helps to have wet hands as you form the patties.
- 10. Fill a medium saucepan 3 inches up with oil. Heat the oil on medium-high until it bubbles softly.
- 11. Carefully drop the falafel patties in the oil, let them fry for about 3 to 5 minutes or so until crispy and medium brown on the outside.
- 12. Avoid crowding the falafel in the saucepan. Fry them in batches if necessary.
- 13. Place the fried falafel patties in a colander or plate lined with paper towels to drain.

For Plating:

- 1. Take a plate, place dashmi.
- 2. Smear thecha on top, arrange vangi bharit.
- 3. Place falafel tikki on top.
- 4. Drizzle mayonnaise and garnish with dill leaves.









50gms	Moong Dal
00ml	Coconut Milk
50gms	Jaggery
0gms	Salt
0gms	Ghee
0gms	Raisins
0gms	Cashew nuts
0gms	Grated Coconut
gms	Green Cardamom Powder
00ml	Water



- 1. Dry roast moong dal in a hot pan till slightly pink in colour.
- 2. Set aside and cool. Once cool, add 800ml water and pressure cook dal till mushy and well done.
- 3. Once the dal is cooked, add jaggery and let it cook slowly till the jaggery is melted.
- 4. Add salt and continue cooking.
- 5. In a separate pan, heat ghee, add raisins and cashew nuts and roast till golden brown.
- 6. Remove from the pan and set aside.
- 7. Add grated coconut to the pan and slightly brown.
- 8. Next, add the raisins, cashew nuts and coconut to the kadan and let it simmer slowly.
- 9. Finish with coconut milk and continue slow cooking till you get a creamy smooth mixture.



Tasty Trivia

Moong dal is rich in protein and fiber, so its easily digestible. It also helps regulate blood sugar levels.

For Plating:

- 1. Put the kadan in a clean coconut shell or a bowl.
- 2. Drizzle some coconut cream.
- 3. Serve hot.







400gms 10ml 20gms 1litre

Kulith Sandgey Oil Salt Water

For Masala:

30gms 30gms 150gms 20gms 20gms 10gms 10gms 3gms 20ml 100ml Fresh Ginger Fresh Garlic Onion Dried Coconut Dry Red Chillies Chana Dal Jeera Seeds Coriander Seeds Black Peppercorn Oil Water

For Stew:

1.5kg

2gms

30ml

10gms

20gms

20gms

150ml

100gms

20gms

20gms

50gms

100gms	C
80gms	٦
3gms	(
50ml	0
2gms	1
1gm	H
1gm	٦
15gms	F
20gms	5
10gms	(
As required	5
	(

Onion Tomato Curry Leaves Oil Mustard Seeds Hing Turmeric Powder Red Chilli Powder Salt Coriander Leaves Stock (Cooked Kulith Liquid)

For Cauliflower Couscous:

Cauliflower (Grated) Black Pepper Powder Lemon Juice Garam Masala Powder Curry Powder Salt Olive Oil Coriander Leaves Red Bell pepper Yellow Bell pepper Capsicum





Vegan Kulith Sand with Cauliflower





- 1. Heat water, add salt and oil. Boil vigorously.
- 2. Add kulith sandgey and boil with a lid on, till it is soft.
- 3. Once soft, drain the sandgey.
- 4. Retain the stock to use it for further cooking.

For Stew:

- 1. Heat pan, add oil. Add mustard seeds and wait for it to splutter.
- 2. Add sliced onion and sauté till golden brown.
- 3. Add sliced tomatoes and let it cook till it forms a paste.
- 4. Add hing and dry spices.
- 5. Once the base is ready, add the ground masala and cook till it oozes oil.
- 6. Add little stock to form a semi-gravy.
- 7. Add the boiled kulith sandgey and let it simmer.
- 8. Once the kulith is cooked and absorbs the flavour, add chopped coriander leaves.



Tasty Trivia

Kulith or horse gram is a super legume rich in calcium, protein and iron. It helps to even heal ulcers and lower cholesterol levels.

For Masala:

- 1. Heat a pan and add oil.
- 2. Roast the listed ingredients one by one till they are slightly golden brown in colour.
- 3. Transfer to a grinder and with little water, grind to a fine paste.
- 4. Set aside.

For Couscous:

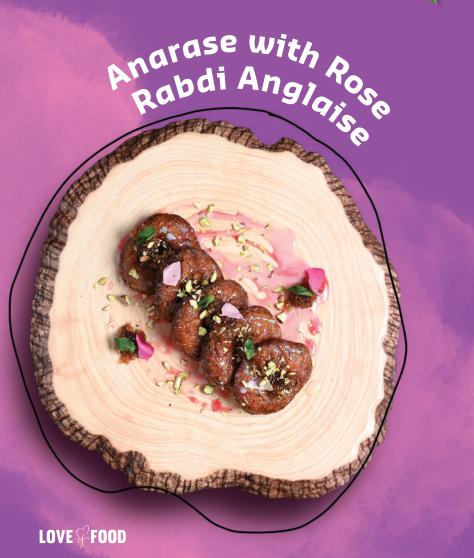
- 1. Wash the chopped cauliflower florets thoroughly.
- 2. Now, add the chopped florets into a food processor and form a coarse mixture that resembles the texture of couscous.
- 3. Next, place a pan over medium flame and add olive oil in it.
- 4. Add the cauliflower couscous with curry powder and garam masala powder.
- 5. Mix well to coat the couscous evenly with the spices and then add salt and pepper as per your taste.
- 6. Cut the bell peppers into small dices and sauté with cauliflower couscous.
- 7. Reduce the flame to low and let it cook while stirring occasionally.
- 8. Once the colour of the cauliflower has darkened, add lemon juice and mix. Remove from heat and transfer it to a bowl.
- 9. Top it up with chopped coriander leaves.

For Plating:

- 1. Take couscous on a plate and make a well in the centre.
- 2. Add the piping hot kulith stew in the centre.
- 3. Garnish with some tempering and coriander sprigs.









For Anarase:

500gms 350gms 20gms 30gms 1litre Broken Rice (Tukda rice) Organic Jaggery Poppy Seeds Fennel Seeds Groundnut Oil

For Rose Anglaise:

100ml 50ml 5gms 20gms 10gms 5gms

Condensed Milk Rose Syrup Pistachios Rose Jam Rose Petals Almonds

П метнор

For Anarase:

- 1. Soak rice for three days, changing the water after every 24hrs.
- 2. After the third day, drain the water and place the rice to dry in sunlight.
- 3. Grind the rice to a slightly coarse texture.
- 4. After grinding, mix it with grated jaggery and soak for one day.
- 5. On the second day, mix with the roasted fennel seeds and make balls out of the dough which are hollow on one side. Fill the hollow side with poppy seeds.
- 6. Heat groundnut oil in a vessel, do not heat the oil too much.
- 7. Once the oil is adequately hot add the balls to fry on a low flame.

For Rose Anglaise:

Mix condensed milk with rose syrup and make an amalgamated mixture.

For Plating:

- 1. Take hot anarase on a plate.
- 2. Drizzle rose anglaise.
- 3. Add small dallops of rose jam, top it with rose petals.
- 4. Sprinkle almonds and pistachio shavings on top.
- 5. Place fresh herbs to finish.

Tasty Trivia

Roses are one of the top ten most edible flowers and are packed with vitamins A and C, iron, calcium, and potassium. They can even help soothe anxiety.

Tandul Papdya Beetroot Labnerth



For Stuffing:

50gms 500ml Tandul Papad (5nos) Oil (For frying)

For Beetroot Labneh:

300gms	Hung Curd
200gms	Beetroot
80gms	Olive Oil
20gms	Salt
Bogms	Garlic
Bgms	Black Peppercorn (Crushed
igms	Dill Leaves
2gms	Black Sesame Seeds
2gms	White Sesame Seeds

LOVE & FOOD



For Stuffing:

- 1. Heat oil in a pan.
- 2. Deep fry papad till crisp. Drain and set aside.

For Beetroot Labneh:

- 1. Marinate peeled beetroot with oil, salt, pepper, and chopped garlic.
- 2. Roast in a pre-heated oven at 180°C for 30-35 minutes for a rustic smoky flavour.
- 3. Once cooked, cool it and blend it to a smooth paste.
- 4. Mix the purée with the hung curd.



For Plating:

- 1. Take a plate.
- 2. Spread the beetroot labneh.
- Sprinkle toasted black and white sesame seeds on top.
- 4. Insert crisp cracked papad.
- 5. Place dill leaves sprig.
- 6. Drizzle olive oil.



Tasty Trivia

Beetroots are one of the best sources of folate and are great for lowering blood pressure. They come in a variety of shapes and sizes - round, oval, tapered, long, or flat, some as small as marbles.





300gms 200gms 150gms 100gms 100gms 20gms 50ml 8gms 10gms 5gms 50gms 3gms Sprouted Matki Murmurra (Puffed rice) Cucumber Tomato Onion Coriander Leaves Salt Lemon Juice Chaat Masala Roasted Jeera Powder Amchur Powder Pomegranate Seeds Red Chilli Powder



- 1. Chop cucumber, tomato, onion and coriander leaves finely.
- 2. Blanch sprouts, drain and dip in cold water. Drain well and set aside.
- 3. Take a clean bowl.
- 4. Mix all the ingredients and toss well.

For Plating:

- 1. Make a cone of banana leaf.
- 2. Fill in the bhel and serve.



Tasty Trivia

Matki or moth beans are high in fibre and zinc and help to build muscle. If stored right, they can last up to 4 to 5 months.

Bengal Gram Leaf Desto

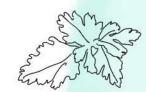


For Bengal Gram Leaf Pesto:

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Bengal Gram Leaves 200gms 100gms Coriander Leaves 50gms Garlic Salt 10gms 10gms Black Pepper 50gms **Grated Parmesan** 30gms Walnut/Pine nuts 150ml Olive Oil

LOVE & FOOD





For Pesto:

- 1. Put all the ingredients in a blender.
- 2. Blend to a smooth paste.

Tasty Trivia

Bengal gram leaves have a bitter taste similar to fenugreek (methi) leaves. They also contain higher amounts of important minerals, as compared to spinach or cabbage.





For Shingule:

500gmsNagli Flour (Ragi flour)10gmsSalt50gmsGarlic Paste20gmsRed Chilli Powder2litresWater20mlGroundnut Oil

For Khao Suey:

150gms

400ml

50gms

50gms

50gms

50gms 50gms 50gms

50gms

Yellow Curry Paste Coconut Milk Cauliflower Carrot Broccoli Yellow Zucchini Green Zucchini Baby corn Pak choy Cooking Oil Salt White Pepper Powder

For Toppings:

Fried Onion
Crushed Peanut
Chopped Spring Onion
Chopped Green Chillies
Chopped Coriander Leaves

sningule Khao Su

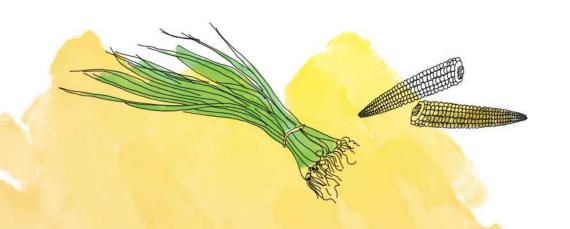


For Shingule:

- 1. Take nagli flour in a vessel. Add 2 tsp red chilli powder, salt and garlic paste. Add water and make a dough. Set aside for 10-15 minutes.
- 2. Make noodle shapes with the thickness of a pen from the dough.
- Boil 2 litres of water in a vessel.
 Add 2 tsp groundnut oil to the boiled water.
- 4. Cook the noodle-shaped pieces in the boiled water for 30-45 minutes.
- 5. Remove the cooked noodle shapes from the water.

For Plating:

- 1. Place the blanched and tossed vegetables in a bowl.
- 2. Pour in the hot khao suey broth.
- 3. Top it with shingule and add the toppings.

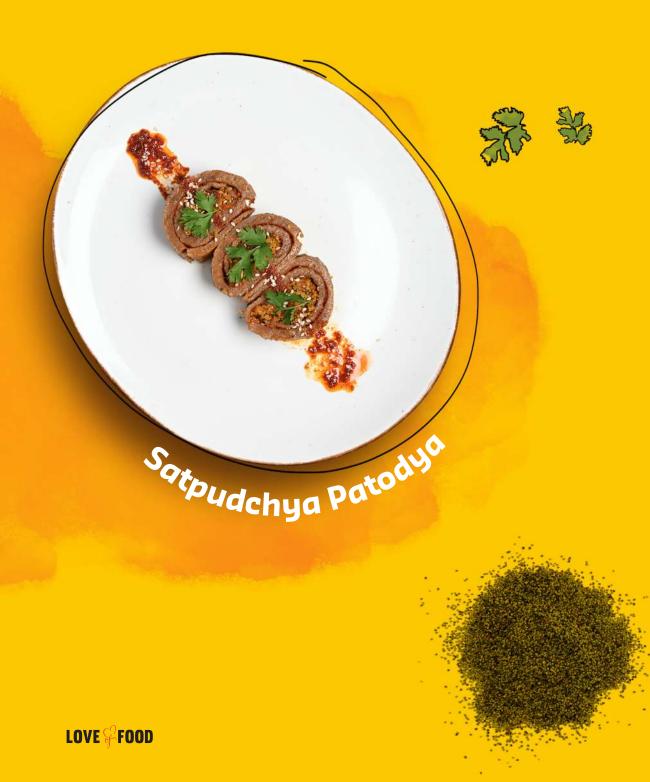


For Khao Suey:

- 1. Cut cauliflower and broccoli into florets.
- 2. Cut carrot, zucchini, baby corn into cubes. Shred pak choy leafs and dice the stem.
- 3. Blanch all the vegetables and set side. Then add a little oil and toss the vegetables.
- 4. Take a heavy bottom pan and heat some oil. Sauté the yellow curry paste.
- 5. Once the curry paste oozes oil, slowly add the coconut milk and let it simmer.
- 6. Check for seasoning.



The first mention of Ragi in Indian history goes back to ancient Sanskrit writers who used to refer to it as 'Rajika'. It is most popularly grown in the state of Karnataka.





For Stuffing:

350gms	Dry Coconut (Grated)
50gms	Poppy Seeds
100gms	Sesame Seeds
30gms	Ginger Paste
30gms	Garlic Paste
100gms	Coriander Leaves (Chopped)
20gms	Black Pepper Powder
10gms	Green Cardamom Powder

For Patode:

350gmsBesan125gmsAtta (Wheat flour)10gmsSalt3gmsHing5gmsTurmeric Powder50mlCooking Oil

For Spreading:

50gms 100ml Kanda-Lasun Masala Groundnut Oil



Tasty Trivia

Besan is a gluten-free flour made from raw or roasted chickpeas and is a super source of fiber. Its uses are not just limited to the kitchen. It is even used as a facial exfoliant!



For Stuffing:

1. Mix all the ingredients in a bowl and set aside.

For Patode:

- 1. Take besan, and atta in a clean bowl. Add salt, hing and turmeric powder.
- 2. Add water and mix well till you get a pouring consistency.
- 3. On a hot pan, add a little oil and spread a ladle full of the batter to make a dosa.
- 4. Cook thoroughly and then take it out of the pan.
- 5. Place it on a plate, spread the kanda-lasun masala mixture on the patode.
- 6. Place the stuffing and roll.
- 7. Serve hot with chutney of your choice.







For Tacos:

5nosUrid Papad15gmsSour Cream

For Vangi Bharit:

400gms	Eggplant
20m1	Cooking Oil
100gms	Onion
100gms	Tomato
20gms	Green Chillies
50gms	Coriander Leaves
30m1	Lemon Juice
50gms	Crushed Roasted Peanuts
10gms	Salt

For Tempering:

20m1	Groundnut Oil
2m1	Hing
1gm	Mustard Seeds
1gm	Jeera Seeds



П метнор

For Taco:

1. Roast urid papad and fold it in half to get the shape of a taco.

For Bharit:

- 1. Take a big eggplant and pierce/make slits on the sides.
- 2. Apply oil all over the eggplant and put on a live flame to roast.
- 3. Roast it till the skin is burnt to ash and you get a smoky flavour to the eggplant.
- 4. Take out from the heat and let it rest.
- 5. Once cool, peel off the skin and clean any burnt skin.
- 6. Chop the peeled eggplant. Drain it in a strainer to remove excess water from the cooked eggplant.
- 7. Finely chop onion, tomatoes, coriander leaves and green chillies.
- 8. Add the chopped vegetables to the chopped eggplant, add lemon juice, crushed peanuts and salt.
- 9. Make a tempering of hing, jeera and mustard seeds.10. Mix well and set aside.

For Plating:

- 1. Take the folded papad, put the bharit inside.
- 2. Level it with the help of a spoon.
- 3. Drizzle sour cream on top.

Tasty Trivia

Known as papad, poppadom, happala, or appalams, these crispy delights have been an Indian favorite for millennia. In fact, the first mention of papad dates back to 500 BC in Jain literature.



Palak Pez Vadj Nith Paneer Bhurjj



For Palak Pez Vadi:

300gms 500gms 15gms 500ml 20ml

s Spinach s Rice Flour Salt Water (For making batter) Oil

For Paneer Bhurji:

350gms	Paneer
100gms	Onion
80gms	Tomato
20gms	Green Chillies
50gms	Coriander Leaves
2gms	Mustard Seeds
2gms	Cumin Seeds
15gms	Salt
5gms	Red Chilli Powder
3gms	Turmeric Powder
5gms	Jeera Powder
30ml	Groundnut Oil







For Palak Pez Vadi:

- 1. Wash rice and place it under sunlight for drying.
- 2. After the rice has dried, grind it in a mixer to make flour.
- 3. Pluck spinach and clean. Wash nicely. Shred it fine and set aside.
- 4. Take a clean bowl. Mix rice flour, salt and water to form a batter. Add shredded spinach.
- 5. Heat a pan on the gas stove, and add 1 tsp oil.
- 6. Add a ladle full of batter to the pan and spread it across the pan.
- 7. Cover the pan with a lid and cook for 2-3 minutes.
- 8. Turn the spinach pez vadi on the other side to cook the same way.

For Paneer Bhurji:

- 1. Grate paneer and set it aside.
- 2. Chop onion, tomatoes, coriander leaves and green chillies.
- 3. In a pan, heat oil and mustard seeds and let it splutter.
- 4. Add onion and sauté till translucent.
- 5. Add tomatoes and chopped green chillies.
- 6. Cook together till the tomatoes are done.
- 7. Add all dry spice powders and salt.
- 8. Add crumbled paneer and continue mixing.
- 9. Once the paneer starts cooking it will form clumps. Continue mixing to break these clumps.
- 10. Check for seasoning.
- 11. Add chopped coriander leaves and turn off the flame.
- 12. Serve with spinach pez vadi.

Tasty Trivia

Spinach's nutritional content ranges from vitamin K, C, A, E, and B-6. It usually has three different varieties: savoy, semi-savoy, and flat-leafed.

Janilla Crepes with Jangar Halwa



For Crepes:

350gms
2ml
1no
5gms
3gms
20gms
750ml
50ml

Whole Wheat Flour
Vanilla Essence
Egg (Optional)
Salt
Baking Powder
Sugar
Full Cream Milk
Cooking Oil

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For Dangar Halwa:

500gms	Red Pumpkin
250gms	Sugar
50ml	Ghee
10gms	Green Cardamom Powder
2litres	Full Cream Milk
50gms	Raisins
30gms	Cashew nuts (Chopped)
150ml	Condensed Milk
100gms	Fresh Grated Coconut

For Plating:

10ml	Rose Syrup
5gms	Chopped Pistachios



For Crepes:

- 1. Sieve whole wheat flour with baking powder.
- 2. Take a clean bowl, add flour, sugar, egg (optional). Add milk and start beating with a whisk.
- 3. Add vanilla essence and 10ml oil. Mix well.
- 4. Take a non-stick pan, add oil.
- 5. Once the oil is hot, pour the batter in batches and make thin dosas.
- 6. Cook for 1 minute and then turn over.
- 7. Make sure the crepes are cooked thoroughly from both sides.
- 8. Once cooked, keep the crepes on a clean plate.

For Plating:

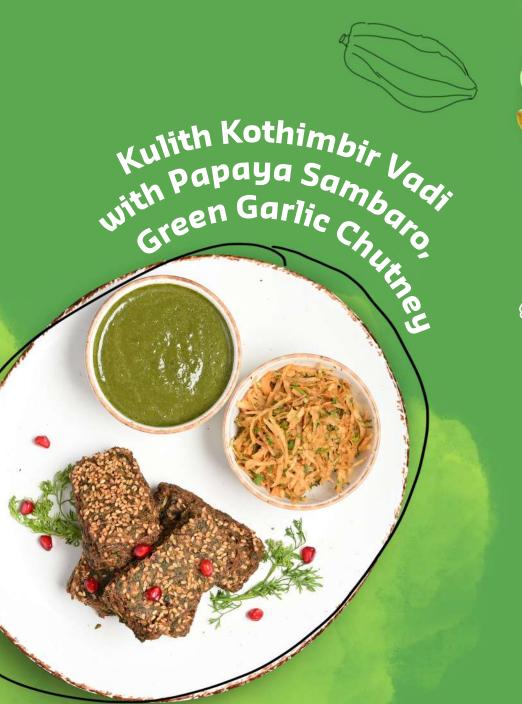
- Take the crepes, place the dangar halwa on top of each one and fold them similar to a dosa.
- 2. Drizzle rose syrup on top.
- 3. Sprinkle chopped pistachios.

For Halwa:

- 1. Peel the pumpkin and grate.
- 2. Take a heavy bottom pan and heat milk. Keep aside when milk is boiled.
- 3. In a pan, add ghee and fry raisins and cashew nuts till golden brown. Take it out when the dry fruits are done.
- 4. In the same pan, sauté grated pumpkin. Once it starts sweating, cook further till the water is evaporated.
- 5. Add freshly grated coconut and mix well.
- 6. Add sugar and combine well. Add boiled milk and continue cooking till the milk reduces.
- 7. Add condensed milk, and sprinkle the green cardamom powder.
- 8. Let the halwa cook and form a well-combined mixture.
- 9. Add the fried dry fruits and mix well.

Tasty Trivia

Dangar or red pumpkin is in season throughout the year and is low in calories and fat. Great for weight balance!





For Kulith Kothimbir Vadi:

150qms Kulith Flour 100gms Besan Coriander Leaves (Chopped) 250gms Ginger Garlic Paste 50gms 8gms **Baking Soda** 15gms Salt Green Chillies (Chopped) 20gms 10gms Red Chilli Powder 3gms **Turmeric Powder** Jeera (Cumin) Powder 5gms **Coriander Powder** 5gms 100ml Cooking Oil 400ml Water

For Papaya Sambaro:

350gms	Raw Papaya
20m1	Cooking Oil
20gms	Green Chillies
1gm	Turmeric Powde
1gm	Red Chilli Powd
10ml	Lemon Juice
2gms	Mustard Seeds
1gm	Hing
10ams	Salt

For Green Garlic Chutney:

200gms	Coriander Leaves
50gms	Garlic
20ms	Green Chillies
50gms	Roasted Chana Do
10gms	Salt
20m1	Lemon Juice



For Kulith Kothimbir Vadi:

- 1. Grind ginger, garlic and green chilli together to a medium coarse paste.
- 2. Wash the coriander leaves. Remove any wilted or discoloured leaves.
- 3. Spread them on a paper towel to remove excess moisture, pat it dry and then finely chop them and add to a big bowl.
- 4. Add kulith flour and besan (gram flour) to the chopped coriander leaves.
- 5. Add sesame seeds, red chilli powder, cumin-coriander powder, turmeric powder, baking soda, ginger-garlic-chilli paste and salt.
- 6. Add little water at a time as needed and mix well to make a thick batter.
- 7. Pour 1-2 glasses of water into a steamer or a broad and deep vessel and heat it over medium flame. Place a stand in the steamer.
- 8. Grease a tray or dish with oil and place it over the stand. Spread the batter in the greased tray.
- 9. Cover it with a lid and steam it for 15-20 minutes over medium flame. Do not open.
- 10. After 15 minutes, remove the lid and check it by inserting a toothpick or a knife in the centre. If it comes out clean, then it is cooked.
- 11. Remove the tray from the steamer and let it cool at room temperature for 10-15 minutes.
- 12. Run a knife on the sides of the tray and invert it on a plate so the steamed batter comes out easily.
- 13. When it cools completely, cut it into small pieces.
- 14. Heat some oil in a non-stick pan over medium flame. Place 7-8 pieces (or more depending on the size of the pan) in a pan and shallow fry them until the bottom surface turns light golden brown.
- 15. Flip them carefully and shallow fry the other sides until light golden brown.
- 16. Remove them using a slotted spoon on a paper towel placed on a plate. Shallow fry the remaining vadis.



For Papaya Sambaro:

- 1. Peel raw papaya, wash it and cut it in half, remove seeds if any and grate it.
- 2. Add red chilli powder and toss it.
- 3. Take a pan, add oil and heat.
- 4. Add hing, curry leaves and mustard seeds and let it splutter.
- 5. Add slit green chillies and toss.
- 6. Add turmeric powder and turn off the gas. Make sure the turmeric does not burn.
- 7. Pour over the grated raw papaya. Sprinkle salt and lemon juice.
- 8. Mix well and serve.

For Green Garlic Chutney:

- 1. Clean coriander leaves and wash them well. Pat dry on a kitchen paper towel.
- 2. Mix all the ingredients in a mixer jar and blend to a paste.
- 3. Serve with hot kothimbir vadi.





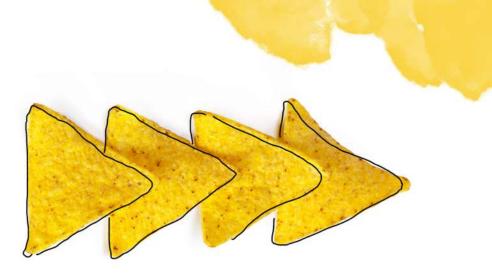


200gms 80gms 10gms 15ml 5gms 20ml 5gms 60gms Ridge Gourd Onion Tomato Green Chillies Lemon Juice Salt Cooking Oil Roasted Cumin Powder Coriander Leaves

50gms

Nachos

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METHOD

- 1. String the ridge gourd, peel slightly if there is hard skin and cut in half.
- 2. Remove seeds and dice.
- 3. In a pan, heat oil. Sauté the ridge gourd till it sweats and set aside.
- 4. Blend in a mixer till a little coarse.
- 5. Chop onion, tomatoes, green chillies and coriander leaves and set aside.
- 6. Take a clean bowl. Add ridge gourd, chopped onion, tomato, coriander leaves and jeera powder.
- 7. Add salt and lemon juice and mix well.
- 8. Set in the refrigerator for an hour so that the flavour is imparted well.
- 9. Serve with nachos.



Tasty Trivia

Ridge gourds are a powerhouse of dietary fibre, antioxidants, and much more. Its benefits help in improving eye health.



For Savoury Bajra Pancake:

Bajra Flour 350gms 100gms Whole Wheat Flour 50gms Carrot 100gms Onion 80gms Tomato 10gms Green Chillies 50gms **Coriander Leaves** 10gms Salt 30m1 Groundnut Oil 400m1 Water

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For Tomato Kasundi:

Ripe Tomatoes Mustard Oil Hing Ginger Garlic Green Chilies Mustard Seeds Cumin Seeds Cumin Seeds Turmeric Powder Red Chilli Powder Jeera Powder Salt

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Millet Merit

Bajra or pearl millet has a world of benefits like reducing cholesterol, stomach ulcers, acidity, and more.

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For Savoury Bajra Pancake:

- 1. Wash carrots and tomatoes and dry them.
- 2. Grate carrots and chop onions, tomatoes, green chillies and coriander leaves.
- 3. In a bowl, mix bajra flour and whole wheat flour. Add salt, and all the prepared vegetables.
- 4. Add water little by little and make a semi-runny batter.
- 5. On a non-stick pan, heat some oil and pour batter in a 5" diameter and make small pancakes.
- 6. Once the mixture cooks from the bottom, turn over to the other side and cook till crisp.
- 7. Cover the lid for faster cooking and use little oil if required.
- 8. Take out from the pan once cooked and crisp.
- 9. Serve with tomato kasundi.



- 1. Chop ripe tomatoes finely. Chop garlic and grate ginger. Slit green chillies in half.
- 2. In a pan, add mustard oil, hing and mustard seeds and let it splutter. Add slit green chillies.
- 3. Add chopped garlic and grated ginger.
- 4. Sauté till golden brown.
- 5. Add chopped tomatoes and cook.
- 6. Add turmeric powder, red chilli powder, cumin powder and salt.
- 7. Cook till the tomatoes are mushy and shrink in volume.
- 8. Add sugar to balance the sourness of the tomatoes.
- 9. Serve with bajra pancakes.

Ambadi Cottage Cheese Rissoles with Ragada







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For Ragada:

300gms 100gms 100gms 3gms 10gms 5gms 3gms **3**gms 20m1 2gms 600ml

Dry White Peas **Boiled Potatoes** Onion **Turmeric Powder Ginger Garlic Paste** Salt **Roasted Cumin Powder** Garam Masala Powder Cooking Oil Cumin Seeds Water

For Rissoles:

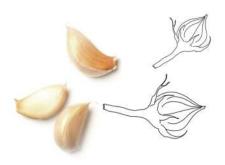
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200gms	Ambadi Leaves
150gms	Paneer
200gms	Boiled Potatoes
20gms	Green Chilies
50gms	Coriander Leaves
100gms	Spring Onion
10gms	Cumin Powder
5gms	Coriander Powder
2gms	Red Chilli Powder
10gms	Ginger Garlic Paste
2gms	Amchur
1gm	Turmeric Powder
3gms	Chaat Masala
2gms	Garam Masala
10gms	Salt
5gms	White Pepper Powder
200gms	Breadcrumbs
500ml	Oil For Frying
200gms	Whole Wheat Flour
100ml	Water (To make a slurry)

For plating:

15m1 15m] 15m] 10gms

Mint Chutney	
Sweet Curd	
Tamarind Chutney	
Pomegranate Seed	S





For Ragada:

- 1. Wash and soak dry white peas overnight.
- 2. Drain the peas the next day, add fresh water and some salt and pressure cook till mashy and well done.
- 3. Once the white peas are cooked, mash a little and set aside.
- 4. In a pan, heat oil, add cumin seeds and let it splutter.
- 5. Add onion and sauté till translucent. Add ginger garlic paste and sauté.
- 6. Add turmeric powder, and garam masala and cook with little water to avoid burning.
- 7. Add boiled potatoes and mix well. Add mashed white peas and cook.
- 8. Add roasted cumin powder and let it simmer.
- 9. Check for seasoning.

For Plating:

- 1. Take a plate, pour ragda on the base.
- 2. Arrange the fried rissoles.
- 3. Drizzle sweet curd, mint chutney and tamarind chutney.
- 4. Top with pomegranate seeds and arrange fresh herbs to finish.

Tasty Trivia

Ambadi leaves are also called Sorrel leaves and are easy-to-grow, climate-resilient plants. They are super high in vitamin C and help to keep bones strong.

For Rissoles:

- 1. To make a slurry, mix whole wheat flour, salt and white pepper powder with some water. Set aside.
- 2. Clean, wash and drain ambadi leaves and pat dry on a kitchen towel.
- 3. Shred the ambadi leaves and put them in a clean bowl.
- 4. Add grated boiled potatoes, grated paneer, chopped coriander leaves, ginger garlic paste and chopped spring onions.
- 5. Add dry spice powders and mix them all together.
- 6. Make sure the mixture is combined well.
- 7. Make cylinder shapes of the mixture and dust them in some whole wheat flour.
- 8. Dip the cylinders in the slurry and coat them evenly with breadcrumbs.
- Heat oil in a pan for frying.
 Deep fry the crumbed rissoles till golden brown.





For Ambadi Bonda Chimichurri:

50gms	Ambadi Bonda
100gms	Coriander Leaves
50gms	Flat Parsley
20gms	Fresh Red Chillies
20gms	Garlic
2gms	Dry Oregano
150ml	Olive Oil
20ml	Red Wine Vinegar
ōgms	Salt
Bgms	Black Pepper (Crushed

For Eggplant Parmigiana:

SnosEgg200gmsWho15gmsSalt5gmsBlac250gmsBrea20gmsPars100gmsButt100mlCoo

Eggplant Whole Wheat Flour Salt Black Pepper Powder Breadcrumbs Parsley Butter Cooking Oil





LOVE & FOOD

Ambadi Bonda Chimichun Eggplant Parmis 919 1919



METHOD

For Ambadi Bonda Chimichurri:

- 1. Clean coriander leaves, flat parsley, fresh red chillies and ambadi bonda (flower).
- 2. Chop coriander leaves, flat parsley, fresh red chillies, garlic and ambadi bonda (flower) finely.
- 3. In a clean bowl, take olive oil and red wine vinegar and make an emulsion.
- 4. Add dry oregano, salt and pepper.
- 5. Add chopped herbs to the emulsion and set aside for 15-20 minutes.
- 6. Chimichurri is ready to use.

Tasty Trivia

The first eggplant was documented in India 4,000 years ago. The skin of eggplants contain a rare antioxidant called Nasunin, which fights off inflammation.

For Eggplant Parmigiana:

- 1. Take the eggplant and cut it into 1" thick roundels.
- 2. Sprinkle salt and set aside for 15-20 minutes and let it sweat. Next, drain and pat dry with tissue paper.
- 3. Season whole wheat flour with salt and pepper.
- 4. Chop parsley and mix it with the breadcrumbs.
- 5. Put the eggplant in seasoned flour.
- 6. Dip it in slurry and then coat it with herbed breadcrumbs.
- 7. Heat butter and oil together in a pan.
- Shallow fry the eggplant for 3-4 minutes on each side.
 Once fried, place on a paper towel to absorb any excess oil.
- 9. Serve it with chimichurri.





Phirni Mousse with Berry Coulis

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For Phirni:

350gms 1litre 50m1 100gms 5gms 10gms 5gms 50ml 300ml

Full Cream Milk Condensed Milk Sugar Green Cardamom Powder Rose Water Cashew nuts Pistachios



For Berry Coulis:

100gms 100gms 50gms

Strawberry Raspberry





For Phirni:

1. Soak rice for half an hour. Drain after soaking and let it dry on a muslin cloth.

Tasty Trivia

Berries are perennial plants, they grow back again and again. Raspberries and blueberries have a lifespan of 10 to 50 years, while mulberry trees can live for over 100 years.

- 2. Once the rice is dry, blend coarsely in a mixer.
- 3. Meanwhile, boil milk in a saucepan.
- 4. Add coarsely ground rice to the boiled milk and let it cook on slow flame till the rice is soft and cooked.
- 5. Once you get a thick starch mixture, add condensed milk and continue cooking.
- 6. Add rose water and green cardamom powder. Add sugar if needed.
- 7. In another pan, add ghee and fry dry fruits lightly till golden brown.
- 8. Add fried dry fruits into the phirni and continue to simmer for a few minutes.
- 9. Set it aside to cool.

For Berry Coulis:

- 1. In a pan, add berries and sugar.
- 2. Cook slowly till it begins to sweat. Mash the berries with spoon.
- 3. Once cooked, mash it through a sieve.

For Plating:

- 1. Take a glass. Layer the phirni and coulis and let it set in a chiller.
- 2. Serve with chopped pistachios on top.



INGREDIENTS

50gms 15gms 5gms 10gms 10ml 200ml Khursani Seeds (Niger Seeds) Garlic Red Chilli Powder Salt Groundnut Oil Curd

For Tadka:

15ml 2gms 1gm 4-5nos Cooking Oil Mustard Seeds Hing Curry Leaves



Khursani Taaka cu





For Khursani:

- 1. In a non-stick pan, heat oil, roast the khursani seeds, add garlic and continue roasting till golden brown.
- 2. Turn off the flame, let it cool and then transfer it to a mixer.
- 3. Add red chilli powder and salt.
- 4. Blend it to a coarse powder.
- 5. Beat curd, add the khursani and mix. Set aside.

For Tadka:

- 1. In a hot pan, heat oil.
- 2. Add mustard seeds and let it splutter.
- 3. Add curry leaves and hing. Pour the tempering on the curd mixture and mix.



Tasty Trivia

Khursani seeds or Niger seeds are excellent for rheumatism and relieving cold and flu symptoms. They can be stored for up to a year without spoiling.





Banana, Peanut Butter, Jawas Smoothies



3nos 100ml 20ml 100ml 100ml 10gms 10ml Bananas Yoghurt Honey Full Cream Milk Peanut Butter Flaxseeds (Jawas) Chocolate Sauce

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Tasty Trivia

Flaxseeds contain around 27% fibre and act as a great egg substitute, which is useful in vegan baking.



For Smoothie:

- 1. Mix all ingredients in a blender except the flaxseeds.
- 2. Once the smoothie is ready. Mix in flaxseeds.

For Plating:

- 1. Drizzle chocolate sauce in a glass.
- 2. Fill in the smoothie mixture and top with more flaxseeds.





For Tostada:

500gms 125gms 20gms 30gms 5gms 5gms 3gms 10gms 2gms 2gms 10gms 2gms 10gms 500ml 20ml 20ml

Rice Harbhara Dal (Green Gram Dal) Poha Puffed Rice (Murmurra) Urid Dal Methi Seeds Cumin Seeds **Black Peppercorn Ginger Garlic Paste** Ajwain Seeds Red Chilli Powder Turmeric Powder Salt Water (For making dough) Oil (Hot) Oil (For frying)



For Topping:

150gms 150gms 150gms 80gms 20gms 5gms 1gm 3qms 15gms 50gms 50gms 80gms 50gms 150gms 20m1 10gms

Apple Pineapple Paneer Onion Capsicum Red Chilli Powder Turmeric Garam Masala **Ginger Garlic Paste Coriander Leaves Tomato Ketchup** Mayonnaise Grated Processed Cheese Iceberg Lettuce Oil Salt



For Tostada:

- 1. Dry roast rice, harbhara dal, poha, puffed rice, urid dal, methi seeds, cumin seeds and black peppercorn till slightly pinkish brown in colour.
- 2. Cool it and grind it to a flour.
- 3. Add ginger garlic paste, red chilli powder, turmeric powder, salt and hot oil (mohan) and rub it into the flour till it gets a breadcrumb consistency.
- 4. Add water little by little to make a dough. Leave it to rest for 20 minutes.
- 5. Divide into equal balls and roll in 4" diameter.
- 6. Deep fry in hot oil till crisp.
- 7. Drain on a paper towel.

For Topping:

- 1. Cut apple, pineapple, capsicum and paneer into thin strips (julienne).
- 2. Slice onion and chop coriander leaves.
- 3. Take a pan and add oil. Add onion and sauté. Once translucent, add ginger garlic paste and cook further.
- 4. Add all the julienned ingredients and toss well.
- 5. Add red chilli powder, garam masala, turmeric, salt and sauté.
- 6. Take it out from the heat and let it cool.
- 7. Once cool, add ketchup, half mayonnaise, chopped coriander leaves and grated cheese.





Tasty Trivia

Green gram dal is one of the richest plant-based sources of protein and aid in keeping blood pressure under control.





For Rose Sauce:

80gms	Broccoli
30gms	Red Bell pepper
30gms	Yellow Bell pepper
10gms	Green Capsicum
300gms	Tomato Sauce
100ml	Milk
10gms	Whole Wheat Flour
15gms	Butter
1gm	Oregano
10gms	Fresh Basil
50gms	Onion
15gms	Garlic
1gm	Chilli Flakes
10gms	Salt
3gms	White Pepper Powder
20m1	Oil
20gms	Mozzarella Cheese

For Gnocchi:

To boil:

- 300gmsBoile200gmsNagl100gmsWho10gmsSalt
- Boiled Potatoes Nagli Flour Whole Wheat Flour
- 1litre Water 20ml Oil 20gms Salt

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Nagli Gnocchi in Rose Sauce



For Gnocchi:

- 1. Mash the boiled potatoes.
- 2. Take a clean bowl, mix mashed boiled potatoes, flours, salt and knead into a dough.
- 3. Dust flour on the work table and roll the dough into a long cylindrical shape. Cut into 1" pieces.
- 4. Press with the fork to get a design on the gnocchi.
- 5. Boil water with some salt and oil.
- 6. Put the gnocchi into boiling water and cook for 3-4 minutes till it gets cooked and floats on top.
- 7. Drain and set aside.



For Rose Sauce:

- 1. Cut broccoli in florets and blanch in salted water for 2-3 minutes. Drain and steep in ice-cold water to avoid discolouration.
- 2. Dice bell peppers and sauté. Set aside.
- 3. Heat a pan and add oil.
- 4. Add chopped garlic and let it turn golden brown.
- 5. Add chopped onion and sauté till it turns translucent.
- 6. Add chilli flakes, oregano, salt and pepper powder and toss.
- 7. Add tomato sauce and cook.
- 8. Make white sauce with flour, butter and boiled milk. Add half the mozzarella cheese.
- 9. Add white sauce to tomato sauce and mix.
- 10. Add the remaining cheese and let it mix with the sauce to get a creamy consistency.
- 11. Add milk if required to adjust consistency.
- 12. Add the gnocchi and toss. Serve hot.

Millet Merit

Ragi (Nagli) is a wonder millet that is extremely good for weight management and is the only cereal with the highest amount of calcium.



Stuffed Masala Bhindi with Savoury Pearly



500gms 20gms 20gms 10gms 20gms 15gms 10gms 50gms 50gms 50gms 50gms 10gms 50ml 100gms 100gms Bhindi (Okra) Cumin Powder Coriander Powder Amchur Powder Roasted Fennel Powder Garam Masala Powder Red Chilli Powder Turmeric Powder Chaat Masala Grated Dry Coconut Salt Oil Mayonnaise Pickle Purée Savoury Motichoor Boondi

LOVE & FOOD



Tasty Trivia

Okra (bhindi) are a much-loved staple vegetable in many Indian households. They are super healthy as they aid in digestion, and are high in vitamin C which can boost immunity.





- 1. Wash okra thoroughly, pat dry.
- 2. Cut the crown and bottom of the okra.
- 3. Slit the okra lengthwise without cutting it in two.
- 4. Check the inside thoroughly for any insects or black dots.
- 5. Mix all dry spices with coconut and make the stuffing.
- 6. Put the stuffing in the okra.
- 7. Heat oil in a pan, arrange the okra and let it cook.
- 8. Do not cover with a lid (so that the okra remains crisp).
- 9. Turn the okra to avoid burning and ensure even cooking.
- 10. Once the okra is cooked, remove from the pan and set aside.
- 11. Mix mayonnaise with pickle purée. Add little water if the mixture is too thick.
- 12. Arrange okra on a plate, and drizzle mayonnaise mixture on top.
- 13. Sprinkle motichoor boondi.

Tip: You can serve okra, achari mayonnaise and boondi separately.





Masala Flavoure fermented Bajra Doure original





100gms 600ml 15gms 10gms 5gms 5gms 5gms 20gms 600ml Bajra Flour Water Green Chillies Garlic Cumin Powder Salt Black Salt Coriander Leaves Buttermilk

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METHOD

- 1. Make a paste of green chillies, coriander leaves and garlic.
- 2. Mix the paste in buttermilk, add cumin powder, salt and black salt.
- 3. In a heavy bottom pan, add water to the bajra flour and mix.
- 4. Cook the bajra and water mixture on a low flame till the mixture is cooked.
- 5. Once the mixture is ready, set aside to cool.
- 6. Add buttermilk to the bajra mixture and mix well.
- 7. Put it in the chiller and serve chilled.





Millet Merit

Bajra is a recommended food for pregnant women and nursing mothers due to its amazing iron and folic acid content.

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Sodexo's newest Love of Food project brings together recipes that are rustic, unapologetically delicious and feature a special ingredient – **The Mighty Millet**.

Coupled with a riveting walk-through of our widespread efforts to support sustainable farming, food distribution and women empowerment, these recipes are harvested from our long-standing NGO collaboration with Sulabh International Centre for Action Sociology.

It's an initiative that took us into the homes of inspiring women farmers who took up the mantle to grow and revive native, nutritious crops.

These are their recipes.

These are their stories, garnished with our own culinary touch.





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